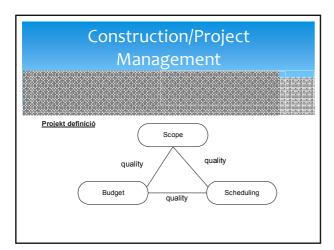
Decision support models (demands) Levente Mályusz Phd BME Department of Construction Technology and management K.II.24.



SCOPE: Plans
*Scope Planning *Scope Definition *Scope Verification *Scope Change Control

	_
BUDGET: project cost	
*(in cash or in labor hour) *Resource Planning	
*Cost Estimating *Cost Budgeting *Cost Control	
CCUEDINE T	
SCHEDULE: Time management	
*Activity Definition *Activity Sequencing	
*Activity Duration Estimating *Schedule Development *Schedule Control	
OLIALITY	
QUALITY	
*Quality is "the totality of characteristics of an entity that bear on its ability to satisfy stated or implied needs"	

Definition of a project	
*Performed by people. Constrained by limited resources. Planned, executed, and controlled.	
riailied, executed, and controlled.	
	1
Project management	
*"Project management is the application of knowledge, skills,	
tools, and techniques to project activities to meet project requirements. Project management is accomplished through the use of the processes such as: initiating, planning,	
executing, controlling, and closing. "	
	<u> </u>
Brief history of construction	
project management	

Seven wonders of ancient word

", have set eyes on the wair of lofty Babylon on which is a road for chariots, and the statue of Zeus by the Alpheus, and the hanging gardens, and the Colossus of the Sun, and the huge labour of the high pyramids, and the vast tomb of Mausolus; but when I saw the house of Artemis that mounted to the clouds, those other marvels lost their brilliancy, and I said, 'Lo, apart from Olympus, the Sun never looked on aught so grand."

*Antipatros

Seven wonders of ancient word

*Pyramid of Khufu 2500 BC

- *The hanging gardens of Babylon: c.580 BC, II. Nabúkudurriuszur king of Babylon
- *The statue of Zeus at Olympia: c.430 BC
- *The temple of Artemis at Ephesus: c.550 BC

Seven wonders of ancient word

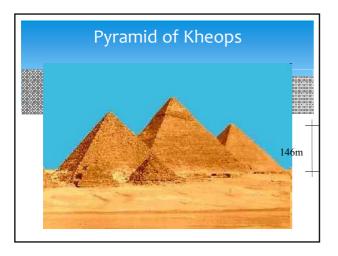
*The mausoleum at Halicarnassus: c.350

- *The colossus of Rhodes: 292 BC
- *The pharos at Alexandria: c.280 BC

Seven wonders of ancient word

Pyramids (Kheops)

- *Built near to cairo 2551-2526 BC *Herodotos 450 BC: 100.000? workers during 20 years
- *Domestic houses of adobe, dried bricks (clay + lime + sand)
- *147 meter high,
 *Experiment of Thor Heyerdahl in 1986
 *(10t stone, 180 workers move on tree trunk)

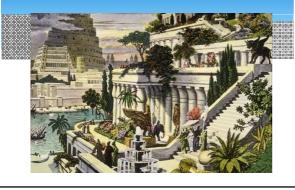


Hanging garden of Semiramis

(German archaeologist Robert Koldewey 1898)
Cantilever design
Herodotos: 3-4-storey houses, straight streets
Other buildings in Babylon
Palaces from stone
Domestic houses burnt bricks

Hanging garden of Semiramis

Hanging garden of Semiramis

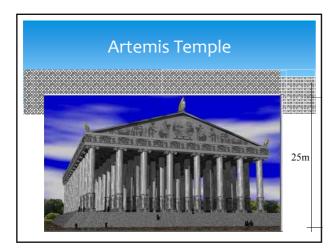


Artemis Temple

Built in 560-570 BC. In Ephesus site of the old church Designer, Developer: Kheirokratesz architect, in Ephesus 65m wide and 125m long, 18m high marble columns 127

pieces
The church also was used for business, functioned as a bank

AC. 262 was destroyed by the Goths

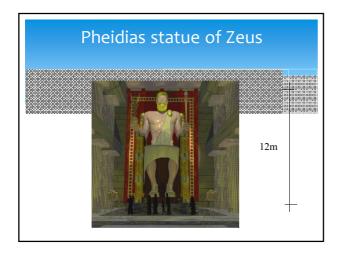


Pheidias statue of Zeus at Olympia

placed

The 64m x 27m based church 34db high of 10.5 columns The statue is 12m tall

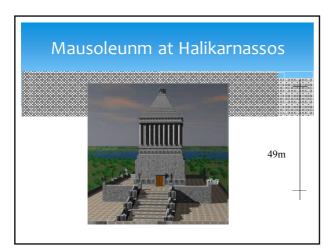
Earthquake destroyed or damaged by fire



Ι	Mauso	leunm a	t Hali	karnassos
	viausoi	icumm a	t man	Nai Hassos

Built in 353 BC, selected through tenders Greek

architects (Szatűros and Phütheos) in Bodrum 49m high, 11m high pillar inner chamber of 39 pieces 12.sz was destroyed by earthquake



Colossus at Rhodes

It was built in BC. 302 Rhodes Built by: Kharesz

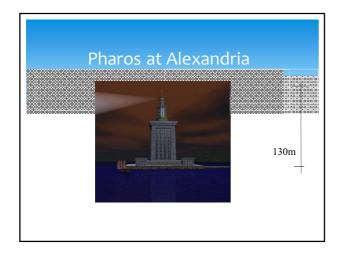
36 m high (originally 18m tall, modified on the fly) and 12t of bronze in boulders formed

Ie. 224 collapsed in an earthquake, and lay in 900 years

Colossus at Rhodes

Pharos at Alexandria

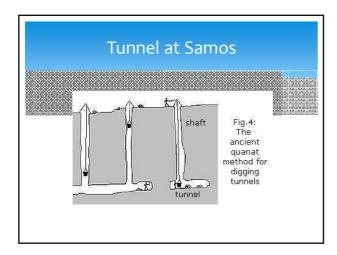
- *Építtető: Nagy Sándor
- *Épült halála után több mint 20 évvel, ie. 300
- *130m magas 30x30m alapú *800 talentumba került (21000 kg ezüst)
- *Isz. 796-ban földrengés rombolta le

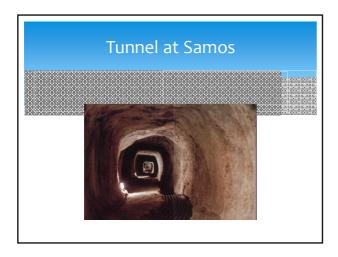


Tower of Babel Rwas mult in 503 962 BC, 90 km from Baghrad 90m high and 90x90 m2 based Building materials: Mud and straw



Built in 530 BC. Samos island 1km long, 1.5-2 x 1.5-2 high sometimes narrower, sometimes wider





Roads and bridges Dames BL: \$0002 posterstoring Babylon 123m long bridge parts under water with bitumen	
Management	
Charles Babbage (1792-1871) English mathematician and inventor (motivation) Wharton School (U. Penn) -First College of Business	
"Scientific management" **Scientific management" **Scientific management ** **eva Frederic Winsow Taxos (1858 to eqs.) is an American engineer (Time and Motion) The Principles of Scientific Management (1911). Bethlehem Steel Company 12.5 t → 47.5 t In 1917, under pressure from the trade unions His method were banned.	

"Scientific Management"

Frank, Lilian Gilbreth (1868-1924) 120 brick pile of brick / brick hour 350 / hour Harvey Gantt American engineer, track schedule, Gantt chart. 1916

Golden Gate bridge

*1933-1937

*Charles Alton Ellis

Equation system with 30.000 variables Bernoulli (1667-1748) ,Lagrange (1731-1813) 1788, Kronecker (1823-1891), Gyula Farkas (1847-1930) 1902

Management

psychologist (Human Relations)

The Western Electric Company Hawthorne experiments were dated between 1927-1939.

Goal: Increase Productivity

Hypothesis: Performance = f (Physical Working Conditions)

21,000 questionnaires / interviews

RESULT: Power = f (emotional factors)

Management
*Abraham Maslow pyramid of needs 1957 The need for self-realization Esteem, the need for respect and place in the social hierarchy, self-confidence.
Social inclusion, acceptance by others. Sense of security, physical security have enough food, drink, clothing. Physiological needs, drinking, eating, sleeping clothing.
Literature

volt-az-okor-het-csodaja/ *Engel Pál: Beilleszkedés Európába a kezdetektől 1440-ig